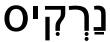
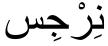
amaryllis noun

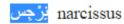


http://www.morfix.co.il/en/Amaryllis



narcissus, amarvllis نرجس

https://translate.google.com/#auto/ar/Amaryllis



http://aratools.com/





https://translate.google.com/#auto/fa/Amaryllis

Amaryllis is the Goddess of spring and the spirit behind the yearly miracle that truly is springtime.

http://www.ascendedmasterindex.com/gods.htm



... Jins Nargis - English - جنس نرگس - Jins Nargis - English www.hamariweb.com > Dictionaries > Urdu English Dictionary ▼ Amaryllis - Urdu meanings: جنس نرگس - Jins Nargis, Definition & Synonyms English to Urdu dictionary gives you the best and accurate urdu translation and ...

http://www.hamariweb.com/dictionaries/amaryllis_urdu-meanings.aspx

Amaryllis

This article is about a genus of southern African bulbs. For the South American and winter-flowering houseplant commonly sold as "amaryllis", see Hippeastrum. For the historic catamaran, see Amaryllis (catamaran). For other uses, see Amaryllis (disambiguation).

Amaryllis (/ˌæməˈrɪlɨs/[1]) is a small genus of flowering bulbs, with two species. The better known of the two, Amaryllis belladonna, is a native of the Western Cape region of South Africa, particularly the rocky southwest area between the Olifants River Valley to Knysna. [2] For many years there was confusion amongst botanists over the generic names Amaryllis and Hippeastrum, one result of which is that the common name "amaryllis" is mainly used for cultivars of the genus Hippeastrum, widely sold in the winter months for their ability to bloom indoors. Plants of the genus Amaryllis are known as belladonna lily, Jersey lily, naked lady, amarillo, Easter lily in Southern Australia or, in South Africa, March lily due to its propensity to flower around March. This is one of numerous genera with the common name "lily" due to their flower shape and growth habit. However, they are only distantly related to the true lily, *Lilium*.

1 Characteristics



Amaryllis belladonna flowers

Amaryllis is a bulbous plant, with each bulb being 5–10 cm in diameter. It has several strap-shaped, green leaves, 30–50 cm long and 2–3 cm broad, arranged in two rows. The leaves are produced in the autumn or early spring in

warm climates depending on the onset of rain and eventually die down by late spring. The bulb is then dormant until late summer. The plant is not frost-tolerant, nor does it do well in tropical environments since they require a dry resting period between leaf growth and flower spike production.

From the dry ground in late summer (March in its native habitat and August in USDA zone 7) each bulb produces one or two leafless stems 30–60 cm tall, each of which bears a cluster of 2 to 12 funnel-shaped flowers at their tops. Each flower is 6–10 cm diameter with six tepals (three outer sepals, three inner petals, with similar appearance to each other). The usual color is white with crimson veins, but pink or purple also occur naturally. The common name "naked lady" comes from the plant's pattern of flowering when the foliage has died down^[3]

In areas of its native habitat with mountainous fynbos flowering tends to be suppressed until after bush fires as dense overhead vegetation prevents growth. In more open sandy areas of the Western Cape, the plant flowers annually.^[2]

The plant has a symbiotic relationship with Carpenter bees. It is also visited by noctuid moths at night. The relative importance of these animals as pollinators has not yet been established;^[2] however, Carpenter bees are thought to be the main pollinators of amaryllis on the Cape Peninsula. The plant's main parasite is the lily borer^[4] Brithys crini and/or Diaphone eumela.

Plants tend to be very localized in dense concentrations due to the seeds' large size and heavy weight. Strong winds shake loose the seeds, which fall to ground and immediately start to germinate, aided by the first winter rains.^[2]

2 Taxonomy

The name *Amaryllis* is taken from a shepherdess in Virgil's pastoral *Eclogues*, (from the Greek ἀμαρύσσω (*amarysso*), meaning "to sparkle") and also from "Amarella" for the bitterness of the bulb. $^{[5][6]}$

The taxonomy of the genus has been controversial. In 1753 Carl Linnaeus created the name *Amaryllis belladonna*, the type species of the genus *Amaryllis*. At the time both South African and South American plants were placed in the same genus; subsequently they were separated into two different genera. The key question is whether Linnaeus's type was a South African plant or a

2 4 REFERENCES

South American plant. If the latter, *Amaryllis* would be the correct name for the genus *Hippeastrum*, and a different name would have to be used for the genus discussed here. Alan W. Meerow et al. have briefly summarized the debate, which took place from 1938 onwards and involved botanists on both sides of the Atlantic. The outcome was a decision by the 14th International Botanical Congress in 1987 that *Amaryllis* L. should be a conserved name (i.e. correct regardless of priority) and ultimately based on a specimen of the South African *Amaryllis belladonna* from the Clifford Herbarium at the British Museum.^[7]

2.1 Common name

Although the 1987 decision settled the question of the scientific name of the genus, the common name "amaryllis" continues to be used differently. Bulbs sold as amaryllis and described as "ready to bloom for the holidays" belong to the allied genus *Hippeastrum*. [8] The common name "naked lady" used for *Amaryllis* is also used for other bulbs with a similar growth and flowering pattern; some of these have their own widely used and accepted common names, such as the resurrection lily (*Lycoris squamigera*).

3 Cultivation

Amaryllis belladonna was introduced into cultivation at the beginning of the eighteenth century. It reproduces slowly by either bulb division or seeds and has gradually naturalized from plantings in urban and suburban areas throughout the lower elevations and coastal areas in much of the West Coast of the USA since these environments mimic their native South African habitat. Hardiness zones 6-8.^[9] It is also naturalized in Australia.^[10]

There is an Amaryllis belladonna hybrid which was bred in the 1800s in Australia. No one knows the exact species it was crossed with to produce color variations of white, cream, peach, magenta and nearly red hues. The hybrids were crossed back onto the original Amaryllis belladonna and with each other to produce naturally seed-bearing crosses that come in a very wide range of flower sizes, shapes, stem heights and intensities of pink. Pure white varieties with bright green stems were bred as well. The hybrids are quite distinct in that the many shades of pink also have stripes, veining, darkened edges, white centers and light yellow centers, also setting them apart from the original light pink. In addition, the hybrids often produce flowers in a fuller circle rather than the "side-facing" habit of the "old-fashioned" pink. The hybrids are able to adapt to year-round watering and fertilization but can also tolerate completely dry summer conditions if need be.

A. belladonna has gained the Royal Horticultural Society's Award of Garden Merit.^[11]

Amaryllis belladonna has been crossed in cultivation with Crinum moorei to produce a hybrid called × Amarcrinum, [12] which has named cultivars. Hybrids said to be between Amaryllis belladonna and Brunsvigia josephinae have been called × Amarygia. [13] Neither hybrid genus name is accepted by the World Checklist of Selected Plant Families. [14]

4 References

- [1] Sunset Western Garden Book, 1995:606-607
- [2] "Amaryllis belladonna (March lily, Belladonna)". Biodiversity Explorer. Retrieved March 4, 2013.
- [3] http://www.thegoodwebguide.co.uk/index.php?art_id= 558
- [4] Adams, T (March 2001). "Amaryllis belladonna L.". Plantz Africa. Retrieved March 4, 2013.
- [5] Mike Campbell. "Behind the Name: Meaning, Origin and History of the Name Amaryllis". *Behind the Name*.
- [6] Linné, Carl von. 1737. Hortus Cliffortianus. p. 135
- [7] Meerow, Alan W.; Van Scheepen, Johan & Dutilh, Julie H.A. (1997), "Transfers from Amaryllis to Hippeastrum (Amaryllidaceae)", Taxon 46 (1): 15–19, JSTOR 1224287
- [8] E.g. How to Make Your Amaryllis Bloom Again, The United States National Arboretum, retrieved 2011-11-28
- [9] North Carolina State University
- [10] "Amaryllis belladonna L.". Australian Plant Name Index (APNI), IBIS database. Centre for Plant Biodiversity Research, Australian Government. Retrieved 4 March 2014.
- [11] "RHS Plant Selector *Amaryllis belladonna*". Retrieved 21 May 2013.
- [12] "Pacific Bulb Society ×Amarcrinum". pacificbulbsociety.org.
- [13] Plant Profile: Amarygia Amaryllis belladonna x Brunsvigia josephinae, Australian Gardener, retrieved 2011-11-28
- [14] World Checklist of Selected Plant Families, The Board of Trustees of the Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew, retrieved 2011-11-28, search for "Amarcrinum" and "Amarygia"

5 Text and image sources, contributors, and licenses

5.1 Text

Amaryllis Source: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Amaryllis?oldid=641782964 Contributors: Derek Ross, Mav, Koyaanis Qatsi, Mirwin, Rgamble, Isis, Sfdan, Hephaestos, Ixfd64, Stan Shebs, Pratyeka, Jengod, Franz Xaver, Imc, Kaalnek, Robbot, WormRunner, Seglea, MPF, Elf, Yath, JoJan, Mike Rosoft, DanielCD, Brianhe, Rich Farmbrough, Epikuros, Kwamikagami, Man vyi, Kx1186, Hesperian, Snowolf, Pwqn, Japanese Searobin, Stemonitis, Klander Brigade, TheoClarke, Rickipelleg, Firien, Rgbea, Mandarax, Sango 123, FlaBot, Eubot, Gdrbot, YurikBot, NawlinWiki, JohJak2, Apokryltaros, Zzuuzz, KnightRider, SmackBot, Dubbin, Eskimbot, Kintetsubuffalo, Bidgee, Rkitko, Pieter Kuiper, Melburnian, MidgleyDJ, Droll, Bazonka, Snowmanradio, Amoammo, Risssa, Kyle0462, Breno, Mgiganteus1, SpyMagician, Shannernanner, Gogo Dodo, Thijs!bot, Format, JAnDbot, Deflective, MER-C, TheOtherSiguy, BryanC, Mgoodyear, CuteLittleFaery, Daemonic Kangaroo, Alwolff55, Peter coxhead, DGG, Starrycupz, Discott, Littlebum2002, Clariosophic, Epibase, Vlmastra, ClemsonTiger, Michaelin10, Rich Janis, GrouchoRoss, Cyrusinlimbo, YonaBot, QualiaBot, Flyer22, Edgardener, Android Mouse Bot 3, ClueBot, DaveBurstein, Rotational, NKablina, C628, Vigilius, XLinkBot, Ost316, Vojtěch Dostál, Ronhjones, Metsavend, Leszek Jańczuk, Clowde, Erutuon, Soroka2008, Legobot, Luckas-bot, Yobot, Tohd8BohaithuGh1, Yngvadottir, DanielcWiki, Spidermedicine, AnomieBOT, Morabeza79, Anghe20, Cureden, Erud, Pipi69e, Gfreemanphd, Omnipaedista, FrescoBot, Recognizance, Plantmeister, Pinethicket, EnCASF, DianeRR, Trappist the monk, Webtechy, Reach Out to the Truth, TjBot, EmausBot, Look2See1, RenamedUser01302013, Dcirovic, Lucas Thoms, Bill Simpkins, ClueBot NG, Backflip76, Strike Eagle, Calabe1992, Mark Marathon, MusikAnimal, Darorcilmir, ChrisGualtieri, The Trolling Pro, Aymankamelwiki, Nomen ambiguum, Matt Jason Brown, The Q Editor, Kieran DD, Tacoria and Anonymous: 88

5.2 Images

- File:Amaryllis_belladonna_flowers.jpg Source: http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/f/f8/Amaryllis_belladonna_flowers.jpg License: CC BY-SA 3.0 Contributors: Own work Original artist: Bidgee
- File:Commons-logo.svg Source: http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/en/4/4a/Commons-logo.svg License: ? Contributors: ? Original artist: ?
- File:Red_Pencil_Icon.png Source: http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/7/74/Red_Pencil_Icon.png License: CC0 Contributors: Own work Original artist: Peter coxhead
- File:Wikispecies-logo.svg Source: http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/d/df/Wikispecies-logo.svg License: CC BY-SA 3.0
 Contributors: Image:Wikispecies-logo.jpg Original artist: (of code) cs:User:-xfi-

5.3 Content license

• Creative Commons Attribution-Share Alike 3.0

एमेरीलिस

hindi Meaning or Translation of amaryllis (not 'amaryllises ...

www.bdword.com/hindi-meaning-or-translation-of-**amaryllis**es ▼ **amaryllis** - <mark>एमेरीलिस</mark> ... amaryllis belladonna - एमेरीलिस बेलाडोना ... Number one among holiday houseplants is the big, bold, bawdy amaryllis.

meaning of AMARYLLIS in Hindi

dict.hinkhoj.com/words/meaning-of-AMARYLLIS-in-hindi.html ▼
Feb 12, 2015 - AMARYLLIS= एमेरीलिस (एक पौधा) (pr. {emerilis (ek paudha)})(noun)
Usage:amaryllis is found in abundance in southern africa. 0. 0 ...

meaning of एमेरीलिस (एक पौधा) in English

dict.hinkhoj.com/.../meaning-of-एमेरीलिस%20(%... ▼ Translate this page Dec 26, 2014 - This page shows <mark>एमेरीलिस</mark> (एक पौधा) meaning in English along with ... Usage:amaryllis is found in abundance in southern africa. 0. 0 ...