

Navigation

Main page Contents Featured content Current events Random article Donate to Wikipedia

Interaction

Help About Wikipedia Community portal Recent changes Contact Wikipedia

Toolbox

What links here Related changes Upload file Special pages Permanent link Cite this page

Print/export

Create a book

Download as PDF

Printable version

Article Discussion Read Edit View history Q

Chrislam

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This article is about the real religion. For the fictional religion of the same name, see The Hammer of God.

Chrislam (pronounced /□kr□sl□: m/), or The Will of God Mission or Ifeoluwa Mission (Ifeoluwa is a Yoruba word meaning "God's Love"), is a Nigerian syncretic religion which mixes elements of both Christianity and Islam.

Founded by Tela Tella in the 1980s, the sect predominantly exists in Lagos, Nigeria. Its followers recognise both the Bible and the Qur'an as holy texts, and practice "running deliverance," a distinctive practice of spiritual running which members liken to Joshua's army that took Jericho, or the Muslim practice of walking around the Ka'aba.

Chrislam goes by many different names including; **The True Message of God Mission**, ^[1] **The Will of God Mission**, **Ifeoluwa Mission**, which means **God's Love** in Yoruba^[2] and **Oke-Tude** which means **The Mountain of Loosing Bondage** in Yoruba. Chrislam is the blend between Christianity and Islam. This religion is mostly popular in Lagos, Nigeria where it was founded. ^[3] In Africa today there are about 1,500 people who practice Chrislam, and the number is growing every day. ^[3]

Contents

- 1 History
- 2 Beliefs/Worship
- 3 Criticisms of Chrislam
- 4 See also
- 5 External links

History [edit]

There are two different religious movements of Chrislam in Nigeria. One religious movement is called **Ifeoluwa** and was founded by a man named Tela Tella in the 1980s. Tela Tella claims that an angel of God came to him and told him that he gave him the mission and the name **Ifeoluwa: The Will of God Mission**. [4] The other religious movement of Chrislam was founded by a man named Prophet (Dr.) Samson Saka in 1999. [5] After making a pilgrimage to Mecca, Saka claims that he was inspired by God, to make peace between Christians and Muslims. [3] He founded the religion in the hope that it would create peace for the people of Lagos, because Christians and Muslims were having religious feuds. Chrislam was created to create religious tolerance between the Christians and Muslims. When Chrislam was first founded it was called Chrislam-herb because Prophet Saka was an herbalist at that time and medicine and herbal healing were a big part of the religion. Prophet Saka says that he had to change the name from Chrislam-herb to **Oke-Tude: Mountain of Loosing Bondage** because the government wouldn't let him register the name Chrislamherb. [6] Apart from its name, Oke-Tude is identical to Chrislam. Saka and Tela Tella claim they do not know each other but Tela Tella says that Saka stole his idea for the religion. Saka wants to conquer the world in the name of Chrislam, but Tela Tella is just the opposite, waiting for the world to be ready to accept his religion. Even though Ifeoluwa is the older religious movement, it is smaller than Oke-Tude because Tella doesn't emphasize evangelism as much as Saka.

Beliefs/Worship [edit]

Christam uses both the Bible and Qur'an and sees them both as holy texts. During the worship service, verses are read from both the Bible and the Qur'an. According to Ebenezer Edohasim, a man who worshipped with the Christamic people, there was no friction between the two religions and both texts were accepted by the congregation as true. The people of the congregation are also free to shout out to Allah or God in worship. The Christamic people believe that Muhammad, Moses, and Jesus were all great prophets and we need to love them all. ^[4] Worship services include singing of Christian and Islamic hymns to praise God and attract his presence. ^[5] During the times of Christmas, Easter, Ramadan, and other Christian and Islamic religions celebrations, both are accepted and celebrated without judgment or hostility. Inside their place of worship there is an altar similar to those built by Abraham where the worshippers pray and seek the face of God. There are prayers going on here most of the day. ^[5] Like other religions they believe in evangelism and try to convert new members every day. In the Oke-Tude organization of Christam there are three different sessions or services that take place on Sunday. The first is a Muslim session, then there is a Christian session, and finally there is a joint session that Saka leads. During this he stresses the similarities between Christianity and Islamic beliefs. ^[4] In the other organization of Ifeoluwa, they worship on Saturday because when they worshipped on Sunday the congregation claimed that Tela Tella was showing favoritism since Christians worship on Sundays and Muslims worship on Fridays. The worship sessions on Saturday are held three times a day. Tela Tella believes in both the Qur'an and the Bible but says they are incomplete, and that is why he is writing his own book called the "Ifeoluwa Book". ^[4] In Ifeoluwa there is an to annual pilgrimage to The Mount of Authority, where the people pray for three days, and other annual festivals put on by Tela Tella.

Criticisms of Chrislam [edit]

Many people criticize this new religion because Christianity and Islam are different, and it is hard to understand how these two religions can become one. On the other hand, some say Islam originated as a Christian heresy and so there are many similarities between the two religions. According to Stephen Ellis, who wrote the book, *Movers and Shakers: Social Movements in Africa, the fusion of Christianity and Islam* is "rather exceptional and increasingly so." According to Sidney M. Greenfield, who wrote the book, *Reinventing Religions: Syncretism and Transformation in Africa and the Americas*, Chrislam is a logical product of the Yoruba people because they want to be able to work out their own destiny. Because the people of Nigeria are struggling in all areas of life and Chrislam offers miracles and deliverance they see this as a good spiritual way to help them get through every day living. Others disagree with the religion because of the fact that Christianity and Islam are such different religions with different beliefs. [4] The people who practice Chrislam see no fault with mixing the two religions, because they say that God loves all people and wants us to love all people. Prophet Saka says that when people criticize Chrislam he takes solace in what his Lord Jesus Christ says about loving others in all religions. [5] Ifeoluwa seems to have fewer followers than Oke-Tude because Ifeoluwa has very strict regulations, that Tella calls commandments. These commandments deal with helpavior morality discipling how to dress what and what not to eat and how to eat it and

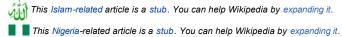
hygiene and purity. Tella says that these commandments were given to him when he was on the Mount of Authority. [4]

See also [edit]

- Christianity
- Islam
- Arthur C. Clarke mentions a fictional religion called Chrislam in his science fiction novels.
- Bible
- Qur'an
- Muslim Holidays

External links [edit]

- Chrislam
- Christian Science Monitor article
- Lebanese Islamic-Christian National Dialogue Committee dubbed "Chrislam"
- 1. ^ [1], additional text
- 2. ^ [2], additional text
- 3. ^ a b c [3], additional text
- 4. A a b c d e f g [4], additional text
- 5. ^ a b c d [5], additional text
- 6. ^ [oketude.org], additional text
- ➡ This article about a Christian denomination is a stub. You can help Wikipedia by expanding it.



Categories: Religious faiths, traditions, and movements | Religion in Nigeria | Christian denomination stubs | Islam stubs | Nigeria stubs

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