

## Diksha

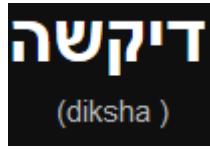
A goddess. Consort of Santana. Mother of Ugra. In some accounts, identified as **Diksha**, **Diksa** or **Diksa**.

<http://www.mythologydictionary.com/hindu-mythology.html>

दीक्षा Dīkṣā (Sanskrit)

தீட்சை Tīṭcai (Tamil)

דיקשה



<http://yoganathis.com/dikshahebrew/>

ديكشا

ديكشا سيث - MBC.net

[www.mbc.net/.../ديك...](http://www.mbc.net/.../ديك...) ▾ Translate this page Middle East Broadcasting Center ▾

ولدت النجمة الهندية الجميلة **ديكشا** سيث في الرابع عشر من فبراير لعام 1987 في مدينة دلهي الهندية - Feb 14, 2014  
وعملت النجمة الهندية الجميلة **ديكشا** ... **Deeksha Seth**

<http://www.mbc.net/ar/mbc-bollywood/stars/stars->

[news/articles/%D8%AF%D9%8A%D9%83%D8%B4%D8%A7-%D8%B3%D9%8A%D8%AB.html](http://www.mbc.net/ar/mbc-bollywood/stars/stars-news/articles/%D8%AF%D9%8A%D9%83%D8%B4%D8%A7-%D8%B3%D9%8A%D8%AB.html)

ديكشا

فرهنگنامه یوگا - IranHealers.com

[www.iranhealers.com/modules.php?name...pa...](http://www.iranhealers.com/modules.php?name...pa...) Translate this page

دیکشا (Diksha): محرفی کردن، محرفی و آشناسدن با جنبه های پنهان یوگا یا استادان یوگا در سطحی ویژه، تمامی یوگای سنتی به همین روش فعالیت می کند. درستی ( ...

:: انجمن تخصصی DVB5 - نمایش پست تنها - یوگا

[2dvv5.me/154234-7-post.html](http://2dvv5.me/154234-7-post.html) - Translate this page

DIKSHA: مشرف شدن به زندگی معنوی توسط گورو. ... دیکشا (Diksha): محرفی کردن، محرفی و آشناسدن با جنبه های پنهان یوگا یا استادان یوگا در سطحی ویژه، تمامی یوگای ...

دیکشابهومی - ویکی پدیا، دانشنامه آزاد

[fa.wikipedia.org/wiki/دیکشابهومی](http://fa.wikipedia.org/wiki/دیکشابهومی) Translate this page Persian Wikipedia

Diksha Bhumi.jpg ... دیکشا در لغت به معنای پذیرش دین و بهومی به معنای سرزمین است. ... دیکشا بهومی به خاطر معماریش نیز اهمیت دارد و یکی از مراکز گردشگری هند ...



دیکشا دیکشا

<http://uh.learnpunjabi.org/default.aspx>



دیکشا ਉਪਦੇਸ਼

<http://h2p.learnpunjabi.org/default.aspx>



ਉਪਦੇਸ਼ ਫਰਿਸ਼ਤਾ اپدیش فرشته

<http://g2s.learnpunjabi.org/default.aspx>

## ਦੀਝਾ

**Diksha O Sadhana - 3rd ed. ਦੀਝਾ ਓ ਸਾਧਨਾ - ੩ਯ ਸੰ - DSpace**  
[dSPACE.wbpublibnet.gov.in:8080/jspui/handle/.../8270](http://dSPACE.wbpublibnet.gov.in:8080/jspui/handle/.../8270) ▾ Translate this page

Title: **Diksha** O Sadhana - 3rd ed. ਦੀਝਾ ਓ ਸਾਧਨਾ - ੩ਯ ਸੰ. Authors: Bhattacharjya, Surendramohan. Keywords: RELIGION HINDUISM. Issue Date: 1908.

**Shiksha O Diksha** शिक्षा ओ दीਝਾ - DSpace at West Bengal ...

[dSPACE.wbpublibnet.gov.in:8080/jspui/handle/.../2800](http://dSPACE.wbpublibnet.gov.in:8080/jspui/handle/.../2800) ▾ Translate this page

Title: Shiksha O **Diksha** शिक्षा ओ दीਝਾ. Authors: Gupta, Nalinikanta. Keywords: SOCIAL SCIENCES EDUCATION. Issue Date: 1926. Publisher: Calcutta ...

ੴ . ਤਨ੍ਰ ਦੀਝਾ .ਤਨ੍ਰ ਦੀਝਾ... - Hindu Astrologer

<https://www.facebook.com/permalink.php?id=419763728058084...> ▾

ੴ . ਤਨ੍ਰ ਦੀਝਾ .ਤਨ੍ਰ ਦੀਝਾ .TANTRA DIKSHA (INITIATION ) DIKSHA IS THE GIVING OF MANTRA BY THE GURU (SPIRITUAL TUTOR)AT THE TIME ...

# Diksha

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

**Diksha** (Sanskrit: दीक्षा in Devanagari, *dīkṣā*, Tamil: தீட்சை) also spelled **deeksha** or **deeksa** in common usage, translated as a "preparation or consecration for a religious ceremony",<sup>[1]</sup> is giving of a mantra or an initiation by the guru in Indian religions such as Hinduism, Buddhism, and Jainism. Diksha is given in a one-to-one ceremony, and typically includes the taking on of a serious spiritual discipline.<sup>[2]</sup> The word is derived from the Sanskrit root *dā* ("to give") plus *kṣi* ("to destroy") or alternately from the verb root *dīkṣ* ("to consecrate").<sup>[3]</sup> When the mind of the guru and the disciple become one, then we say that the disciple has been initiated by the guru.<sup>[4]</sup>

Diksha can be of various types, through the teacher's sight, touch, or word, with the purpose of purifying the disciple or student. Initiation by touch is called *sparśa dīkṣā*. The bestowing of divine grace through diksha is sometimes called *śaktipāt*.<sup>[3]</sup>

Vishnu Yamala (tantra) says: "The process that bestows divyam jnanam (transcendental, spiritual knowledge) and destroys sin (pāpa), the seed of sin and ignorance, is called diksha by the spiritual persons who have seen the Truth (desikais tattva-kovidaih)."<sup>[5]</sup>

Different traditions and sects treat diksha in various ways. Tantra mentions five types of initiation or *diksha*: initiation by a ritual or *samaya-diksha*; *sparsa-diksha* is an initiation by touch and is done without a ritual; *vag-diksha* is done by word or mantra; *sambhavi-diksha* is arising from perception of external appearance of the guru; *mano-diksha* is when initiation is performed in the mind.<sup>[6]</sup> For ISKCON members first diksha, or *harinama-diksha* initiation, is performed as part of a fire sacrifice where grains, fruit, and ghee are placed on an open fire of the sacrifice.<sup>[7]</sup> In the tradition of Lahiri Mahasaya, initiation into Kriya Yoga is given as diksha.<sup>[8]</sup> The Bengali saint Anandamayi Ma often gave *sparśa dīkṣā* (divine touch) or *drik* diksha (through her look), in which she would bestow *śaktipāt* (divine grace).<sup>[9]</sup>

Another type of diksha, into a monastic order, involves a vow of celibacy, renunciation of all personal possessions and of all worldly duties, including family ties. Diksha has the same meaning in Jainism. Diksha is also called *Charitra* or *Mahanibhiskraman* in Jainism. **Initiation in Hinduism** involves performing one of several rituals depending on the person being initiated and the Hindu group involved.

Various tantric works enumerate different types of disksha rituals:<sup>[10]</sup>

- Kriyavati
- Kalavati
- Varnamayi
- Vedamayi



Satsvarupa das Goswami During ISKCON diksha ceremony in 1979.

## Living Examples

ISKCON, for example, commonly advise those that want to be initiated into the movement to begin by repeatedly chanting the name of Krishna. This chanting is a sort of unofficial induction. The official initiation as a disciple occurs during an organized ceremony. Additionally, followers are required to wear a string of beads, or *kanthi*, around their neck.<sup>[11]</sup>

Transcendental Meditation (TM) began initiation under the guidance of Maharishi Mahesh Yogi in the late 1950s. New members were initiated through a “devotional ritual (*puja*) whose focus was Brahmananda Saraswati and the Shankaracharya lineage. Initiates were given a specially suited mantra, and taught how to practice meditation.”<sup>[12]</sup>

BAPS Swaminarayan Sanstha initiates new members via a ritual known as *vartman*. This ritual involves taking water in the right palm and repeating a mantra that is spoken by the ritual initiator, often a renunciate. After the mantra is repeated, the water is poured away, signifying the acceptance of a lifestyle as established by the movement. A *kanthi* is adorned and vows are taken. Vows for new initiates include abstaining from meat, alcohol, adultery, stealing, and harmful addictive substances.<sup>[13]</sup>

The Oneness University is a spiritual school in India, founded by Amma and Bhagavan and offers *diksha* and programs throughout the world to help people from all paths, faiths, and walks of life to grow into the natural state of oneness a human being is meant to be in. In a 4 week course the state of awakening (*mukti*) can be transferred, mainly through *deeksha*.

## See also

- Initiation
- Brahmin
- Dvija
- Rite of passage
- Parampara
- Ordination
- Shakti
- Tantra

## References

1. "Monier-Williams Sanskrit-English Dictionary" (<http://students.washington.edu/prem/mw/d.html>). University of Cologne. pp. d. Retrieved 2009-04-19.
2. Coward, Harold G.; David J. Goa (2004). *Mantra: hearing the divine in India and America* (<http://books.google.com/books?id=3s1-8SFrrDMC&pg=PA56>). Columbia University Press. ISBN 978-0-231-12960-2.
3. Grimes, John A. (1996). *A concise dictionary of Indian philosophy* (<http://books.google.com/books?id=qcoUFYOX0bEC&pg=PA117>). SUNY Press. p. 117. ISBN 978-0-7914-3067-5.
4. <http://www.gurumaa.com/content/deeksha-master-disciple-mind-connection.html>
5. Pandey, Vraj Kumar (2007). *Encyclopaedia of Indian philosophy*. Anmol Publications. ISBN 978-81-261-3112-9.
6. *The madness of the saints* by June McDaniel, University of Chicago Press, (1989) p. 106 ISBN 0-226-55723-5
7. Introduction to New and Alternative Religions in America [Five Volumes] Eugene V. Gallagher, W. Michael Ashcraft (2006) Greenwood Publishing Group, p. 23 ISBN 0-275-98713-2
8. Yogananda, Paramhansa (2003). *Autobiography of a Yogi* (<http://books.google.com/books?id=iN6fdZR6rXkC&pg=PA102>). Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd. p. 102. ISBN 978-81-207-2524-9.

9. Hallstrom, Lisa Lassell (1999). *Mother of Bliss: Ānandamayī Mā (1896-1982)* (<http://books.google.com/books?id=a9WnAXqkzkAC&pg=PA140>). Oxford University Press US. pp. 140–144. ISBN 978-0-19-511647-2.
10. Jnana Sankalini Tantra by Paramahansa Prajnanananda (<http://books.google.com/books?id=bq-LDHAYbzAC&pg=PA51&lpg=PA51>)
11. <http://krishna.org/srila-prabhupada-on-initiation-compilation-of-quotes/>
12. Humes, Cynthia. "Maharishi Mahesh Yogi: Beyond the TM Technique". In *Gurus in America*, ed. Cynthia Humes and Thomas Forsthoefel. Albany: State University of New York Press, 2005.
13. Sadhu Mukundcharandas. *Hindu Rites and Rituals*. 4th edition. Amdavad: Swaminarayan Aksharpith, 2007. Page 237.

Retrieved from "<http://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=Diksha&oldid=659478779>"

Categories: [Hindu rituals](#) | [Buddhist practices](#) | [Rites of passage](#)

---

- This page was last modified on 27 April 2015, at 12:32.
- Text is available under the Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike License; additional terms may apply. By using this site, you agree to the Terms of Use and Privacy Policy. Wikipedia® is a registered trademark of the Wikimedia Foundation, Inc., a non-profit organization.

