

Sindhu

A river-goddess.

<http://www.mythologydictionary.com/hindu-mythology.html>

סינדהו

[ynet מתי היה הפיגוע הראשון? - אנציקלופדיה](#)

www.ynet.co.il/articles/0,7340,L-3389885,00.html Translate this page Ynet

May 15, 2007 - שמה של הודו בשפות זרות לקוח משמו של הנהר אינדוס, או הינדוס, הלקוח ממילת -

... סנסקריט **סינדהו** (Sindhu), שפירושה "נהר", והיא גם שמו של הנהר הגדול העובר מצפון ...

[ההינדואיזם | גילי חסקין - מדריך טיולים](#)

www.gilihaskin.com/ההינדואיזם/ Translate this page

Oct 6, 2013 - המונח הוא ממקור פרסי, מקורו כנראה במילה "סינדהו" (Sindhu) והוא התייחס במקור -

... לאנשים שגרו מעברו המזרחי של נהר האינדוס. ההינדואיזם הוא דת סובלנית המניחה ...

[Booking.com: Villa Orchid, סאנור, אינדונזיה - 13 חוות דעת ...](#)

www.booking.com Translate this page

Rating: 8.5/10 - 13 reviews

מקום האירוח נמצא במרחק של 500 מטרים בלבד מהסופרמרקט Hardy's ובמרחק של 700 מטרים

... מחוף **סינדהו** (Sindhu). שדה התעופה הבינלאומי נגורה ראי (Ngurah Rai) נמצא בטווח ...

سيندهو

[سيندهو \(Sindhu\)](#)

www.efilm.com/name/1543627 - Translate this page

سيندهو (Sindhu) . السيرة الذاتية, فيلمو جرافيا, خلفيات الشاشة, حقائق من الحياة, ومجموعة من الصور, وأكثر من ذلك

يكثر.

[سيندهو, اعثر على الأفضل سيندهو على Alibaba.com](#)

arabic.alibaba.com/goods/sindhu.html - Translate this page

مصدر للحصول على الشركات **سيندهو** ذات الجودة العالية **سيندهو**, **سيندهو** المصنعين في موقع ... Alibaba.com.

SINDHU ULTRAMARINE CHEMICALS PVT.LTD. [الصانع].

[sindhu bhairavi serial background music free download](#)

khaleej-alarab.com/vb/showthread.php?p=13592 Translate this page

Mar 28, 2015 - extravagancies **SINDHU** bhairavi التسلسلي الموسيقى الخلفية تنزيل حرة

... **سيندهو** bhairavi التسلسلي موسيقى خلفية تحميل مجاني للروبية ...

سيندھو

هتل Puri Sindhu Mertha Suite, Bali

listeparvaz.com/.../Puri%20Sindhu%20Mertha%20Suit... - Translate this page

Puri Sindhu Mertha Suite, Bali يورى سيندھو مرثا سوئٹ، بلی Jl. Danau Poso No.27

TanjungDenpasar,Bali,80228,Indonesia ...

پوری سيندھو مرثا گست هاوس - چه هتلی

www.chehoteli.com/.../5586_Puri%20Sindhu%20Mert... - Translate this page

دریاره یوری سيندھو مرثا گست هاوس هتل یوری سيندھو مرثا گست

هاوس. ... چه هتلی. Puri Sindhu Mertha Guest House

سيندھو Sindhu



سيندھو سندھو

<http://uh.learnpunjabi.org/default.aspx>

میںی

PV Sindhu - Jagbani

<https://www.jagbani.com/tags/PV-Sindhu/> - Translate this page

ਦੇ ਵਾਰ ਵਿਸ਼ਵ ਚੈਂਪੀਅਨਸ਼ਿਪ ਦੀ ਕਾਂਸੀ ਤਮਗਾ ਜੇਤੂ ਪੀ. ਵੀ. ਸਿੰਧੂ ਨੇ ਆਪਣੀ ਖਾਸੀਅਤ ਦੇ ਅਨੁਕੂਲ ਪ੍ਰਦਰਸ਼ਨ ਕਰਦਿਆਂ ਮਹਿਲਾ ਸਿੰਗਲਜ਼ ਦੇ ...

pv sindhu - ਮਿਰਚ ਮਸਾਲਾ

pollywood.jagbani.com/tags/pv-sindhu - Translate this page

pv sindhu. ... ਸਾਇਨਾ, ਸਿੰਧੂ, ਸ਼੍ਰੀਕਾਂਤ ਤੇ ਕਸ਼ਯਪ ਸੈਮੀਫਾਈਨਲ 'ਚ. ਚੋਟੀ ਦਰਜਾ ... ਸਿੰਧੂ ਨੇ ਇੱਥੇ ਸੱਯਦ ਕੈਮਾਂਤਰੀ ਬੈਡਮਿੰਟਨ ਗ੍ਰਾਂ.



ਸਿੰਧੂ ਫਰਿਸ਼ਤਾ سندھو فرشته

<http://g2s.learnpunjabi.org/default.aspx>

सिन्धु

ভালবাসার বিষাদ সিন্ধু-Valobashar bisad sindhu ... - Facebook

<https://www.facebook.com/.../a.../755556751205220/> - Translate this page

ভালবাসার বিষাদ সিন্ধু-Valobashar bisad sindhu-Love Guru posted this photo on 2014-12-21. 6 likes. 0 comments. 0 shares.

BISHAD- SINDHU বিষাদ-সিন্ধু - DSpace

dspace.wbpublibnet.gov.in:8080/jspui/handle/.../2428... - Translate this page

Title: BISHAD- SINDHU বিষাদ-সিন্ধু Authors: HOSSAIN, MIR MOSHARRAF. Keywords: BENGALI-FICTION LITERATURE. Issue Date: 1935. Publisher: ABDUL ...

Sindhu Kingdom

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

Sindhu (سنڌو, सिन्धु, سندھو) was a kingdom of India mentioned in the epic *Mahabharata* and in the *Harivamsa Purana*. It stretched along the banks of river Sindhu (Indus) in the ancient era in modern Pakistan. It is believed that Sindhu kingdom was founded by Vrsadarbh, one of sons of Sivi. According to the "Glimpses of Ancient Sindh" authored by , its capital known as Vrsadarbhpura with Tulsianis, later known as Sindhu, was located at or near the location of the present town of Mithankot (in southern Punjab). The inhabitants of the kingdoms were called Sindhus or Saindhavas. According to the epic Mahabharata, Jayadratha (the husband of Duryodhana's sister) was the king of Sindhus, Sauviras and Sivis. Probably Sauvira and Sivi were two kingdoms close to the Sindhu kingdom and Jayadratha conquered them, holding them for some period of time. Sindhu and Sauvira seems to be two warring states fighting each other.

Contents

- 1 References in Mahabharata
 - 1.1 Cultural affinity
 - 1.2 Military Habits
 - 1.3 Battles between Sindhu and Sauvira
 - 1.4 Jayadratha and Sindhu kingdom
 - 1.5 Sindhu in Kurukshetra War
 - 1.6 Sindhu breed of horse
 - 1.7 Sindhu River
 - 1.8 Other references
- 2 Sindhu Kingdom in Harivamsa Purana
- 3 See also
- 4 References

References in Mahabharata

Sindhu (.the Bhojas, the Sindhus, the Pulindakas..) is mentioned as a separate kingdom of Bharata Varsha at (6:9). ^[1] The Kasmiras, the **Sindhu Sauviras**, the Gandharas (or Gandharvas) were mentioned as kingdoms of Bharata Varsha at (6:9). Sindhu and Sauvira are mentioned as a united country at many places like (5:19, 6:51,56, 7:107, 8:40, 11:22).

Cultural affinity

Main article Bahlika Culture

Culturally, Sindhus were mentioned as similar to the Madras as per Karna:- The Prasthalas, the Madras, the Gandharas, the Arattas, those called Khasas, the Vasatis, the Sindhus and the Sauviras are almost as blameable in their practices (8:44). One should always avoid the Vahikas, those impure people that are out of the pale of virtue, and that live away from the Himavat and the Ganges and Saraswati and Yamuna and Kurukshetra and the Sindhu and its five tributary rivers in India.

Military Habits

The Gandharas (or Gandharvas), the Sindhus, and the Sauviras fight best with their nails and lances. They are brave and endued with great strength. Their armies are capable of vanquishing all forces, The Usinaras are possessed of great strength and skilled in all kinds of weapons. The Easterners are skilled in fighting from the backs of war elephants and are conversant with all the ways of unfair fight. The Yavanas, the Kamvojas, and those that dwell around Mathura are well skilled in fighting with bare arms. The Southerners are skilled in fighting sword in hand (12:100).

Battles between Sindhu and Sauvira

At (5:133) we find Kunti telling the story of **Vidula** who persuaded her son, who was the king of Sauvira but banished by the Sindhu king, to fight against the Sindhus and take back his kingdom from them:- The princess Vidula, one day, rebuked her own son, who, after his defeat by the king of the Sindhus, lay prostrate with heart depressed by despair (5:133). It is true, the king of the Sindhus hath many followers. They are, however, all discounted. Rejoice, O son, and make thyself happy in the possession of wealth in the company of the daughters of the Sauviras and do not, in weakness of heart, be ruled over by the daughters of the Saindhavas (5:134). Pierced by the wordy arrows of his mother, the son roused himself like a steed of proud mettle and achieved (defeating the Sindhus) all that his mother had pointed out. (5:136).

Jayadratha and Sindhu kingdom

At (3:262) Jayadratha is mentioned as the son of Vriddhakshatra. Jayadratha is mentioned as the son of Sindhu at (1:188). Jayadratha is mentioned as of Sindhu's race at (5:142). Jayadratha is mentioned as the king of Sindhu, Sauvira and other countries at (3:265). The warriors of the Sivi, Sauvira and Sindhu tribes were under the command of Jayadratha (3:269). At (11:22) Jayadratha is mentioned as the king of Sindhu and Saivira. Apart from Dussala (1:117) (the sister of Duryodhana), Jayadratha had two other wives, one from Gandhara and the other from Kamboja (11:22) .

Jayadratha is mentioned as the sole ruler, governing with the rich countries of Saivya, Sivi, Sindhu and others at (3:265). Jayadratha had under his sway **ten kingdoms**, having Sindhu as the main kingdom (8:5). Also Jayadratha had played vital role in Kurukshetra battle and he was killed by Arjuna. On a particular day in the Kurukshetra battle due to absence of Arjuna fighting elsewhere, Jayadratha could stop the Pandavas (except Arjuna) and helped kill Abhimanyu treacherously for Kauravas.

Sindhu in Kurukshetra War

In Kurukshetra War, Sindhu sided with the Kauravas under their ruler Jayadratha. (6:71), (7:10,136)

Jayadratha of the country of the Sindhu, and the kings of the southern and the western countries and of the hilly regions, and Sakuni, the ruler of the Gandharas, and all the chiefs of the eastern and the northern regions, and the Sakas, the Kiratas, and Yavanas, the Sivi and the Vasatis with their Maharathas at the heads of their respective divisions joined the Kaurava army(5:198). A **silver boar** adorned the standard-top of the ruler of the Sindhus. Decked with golden chains, it was of the splendour of a white crystal (7:102)

In Bhishma's division were all the sons of Dhritarashtra, and also Sala who was a countryman of the Valhikas, and also all those Kshatriyas called Amvastas, and those called Sindhus, and those also that are called Sauviras, and the heroic dwellers of the country of the five rivers (6:20).

Those warriors that are opposed to Arjuna, viz., the Sauvirakas, the Sindhava-Pauravas, headed by Karna, are regarded as foremost of car-warriors (7:108). Many combatants belonging to the Nishadas, the Sauviras, the Valhikas, the Daradas, the Westerners, the Northerners, the Malavas, the Abhighatas, the Surasenas, the Sivis, the Vasatis, the Salwas, the Sakas, the Trigartas, the Amvashtas, and the Kekayas, similarly fell upon Arjuna (6:118). Bhishma protected by the warriors headed by Saindhava and by the combatants of the East and the Sauviras and the Kekayas, fought with great impetuosity (6:52).

Arjuna's words, when Jayadratha and others together attacked and killed his son Abhimanyu, during the Kurukshetra War:-

Thou shalt in tomorrow's battle, O Kesava, behold the earth strewn by me with the heads of kings cut off by the force, of my shafts! (Tomorrow) I shall gratify all cannibals, rout the foe, gladden my friends, and crush the ruler of the Sindhus, viz. Jayadratha! A great offender, one who hath not acted like a relative, born in a sinful country, the ruler of the Sindhu, slain by me, will sadden his own. Thou shalt behold that ruler of the Sindhus, of sinful behaviour, and brought up in every luxury, pierced by me with my shafts!

Sindhu breed of horse

Horses belonging to Sindhu breed were used in Kurukshetra War extensively (7:24). The steeds consisting of the best of the Kamvoja breed as also of those born in the country of the Rivers, and of those belonging to Aratta and Mahi and **Sindhu**, and of those of Vanayu also that were white in hue, and lastly those of hilly countries were the different types of horse employed in this war (6:91).

Steeds born in (the country of) Sindhu were lean-fleshed, yet strong and capable of a long journey and endued with energy and strength of high breed and docility, free from inauspicious marks, with wide nostrils and swelling cheeks, free from faults as regards the ten hairy curls and were fleet as the winds (3:71).

Sindhu River

The river Sindhu (Indus) too is flowing with a current of fresh blood (3:223). The seven large rivers including the Sindhu (Indus) though flowing eastwards then flowed in opposite directions. The very directions seemed to be reversed and nothing could be distinguished. Fires blazed up everywhere and the earth trembled repeatedly. (5:84). The spot where the Sindhu mingled with the sea, is that tirtha of Varuna (3:82).

- There is a celebrated tirtha of the name of Sindhuttama (3:82)

Other references

- Samvarana a king in the like of Puru with his wife and ministers, sons and relatives, fled in fear, and took shelter in the forest on the banks of the Sindhu extending to the foot of the mountains (1:94)
- A sage named Sindhudwipa is mentioned at (9:39,40, 13:4) as attaining Brahminhood.

Sindhu Kingdom in Harivamsa Purana

In Harivamsa Purana the Sindhu kingdom is mentioned in 2.56.26. The Yavanas, led by Krishna, arrived there in search for a place to build the city of Dvaraka. The place was so charming, that some of the Yadavas "started enjoying the heavenly comforts in some of the places there". ^[2]

See also

- Sindhis
- History of India
- History of Pakistan

References

1. Here and following references: Mahabharata of Krishna Dwaipayana Vyasa, translated to English by Kisari Mohan Ganguli
2. Shanti Lal Nagar (Editor): Harivamsa Purana Volume 2, page 555

Retrieved from "http://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=Sindhu_Kingdom&oldid=649600396"

Categories: History of Sindh | History of Pakistan | Ancient Indian kingdoms
| Western kingdoms of ancient India

-
- This page was last modified on 2 March 2015, at 22:28.
 - Text is available under the Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike License; additional terms may apply. By using this site, you agree to the Terms of Use and Privacy Policy. Wikipedia® is a registered trademark of the Wikimedia Foundation, Inc., a non-profit organization.

